CHAPTER 6

CLOUD COMPUTING: CONCEPTS, TECHNOLOGY & ARCHITECTURE

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ABSTRACT

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 \mathbf{T}_{he} book chapter "Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture" makes it easy to understand what cloud computing services are and how they work. This book talks in great detail about the newest cloud computing tools, basic ideas, and building blocks. This book keeps up with how quickly things change in the field. Anyone can use it, from people who are new to clouds and want to learn how they work to experts who want to know about the newest changes. At the beginning of the book, the main ideas of cloud computing are laid out. Along with some of the most important service types and software options, some of the most important things about cloud computing are also talked about. You have to do a lot of work to find the best cloud service providers and compare their business plans and services. It talks about virtualization technology and why it's important for resource growth and having more than one user be able to use it. It also talks about host technologies and how they have changed the way cloud systems work now. A big part of the book is about building clouds. Design ideas and organizational patterns that can be used to make stable, adaptable, and changing cloud apps are what it's all about.

Case studies from real life show how well cloud systems can work and give you advice on how to make the most of them. Concerns about the law and safety get the most attention. These problems show how important it is to keep computer data safe. The book lists the law and best practices for the cloud computer business to make sure it is safe and follows the rules. In this piece, there is a link between big data and the cloud. It's mostly about how big data tools are built into cloud systems and how this changes how business data is stored and analysed.

The book also talks about new developments in the field and how making micro services and putting them in containers works with web apps that are already out there. People talk about what "server-less computing" means and how to use it. People can see here what computer tools will be like in the future. "Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture" is a great book for people who work in IT, programming, or design and want to learn how cloud computing works. People can understand, use, and get the most out of cloud computer solutions in today's digital world thanks to this book. It has a good mix of interesting facts and useful advice.

6.1 INTRODUCTION TO CLOUD COMPUTING

The cloud has changed how businesses set up, run, and grow their IT systems in many ways. The cloud is great because it changes the way we use and share computer tools on the web all the time. It is talked about some of the key concepts, tools, and design elements that make up cloud computing.

• What it is and a fast read of it:

Using the cloud, you can let other people use your computer's storage space, processing power, and apps over the internet. Companies don't have to buy their own tools or take care of them if they use this plan. Their payment is not needed ahead of time. At the beginning of this chapter, we learn what cloud computing is and how it has changed the way IT works.

• What does cloud computing mean? Simply describe how it works.

Learning about how cloud computing has changed over time is necessary before you can understand why it's important. Learning about the issues that led to cloud solutions and the big steps forward that have helped them grow can teach you a lot.

• Why we need IT now:

It's hard to say enough good things about cloud computing for business that needs speed and new ideas. With these services, businesses of all sizes can talk to each other better, get the tools they need when they need them, and work faster. These points make the case for why cloud computing is now an important part of IT strategy. We will talk more about the ideas, technology, and structure of cloud computing in the parts that follow. This is where we begin to study. Businesses will be able to handle the issues that come up in a world based on technology after getting these information.

6.2 FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF CLOUD COMPUTING

It's a new thing in the world of IT because of how it works. Cloud computing lets you get items and help for your computer over the web. It can be used instead of regular technology that is kept on-site because it can be changed. Hardware as a Service (HaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), and Software as a Service (SaaS) play a big role in this. They all talk about something different and how to deal with people in different ways. Community Cloud, Hybrid Cloud, Private Cloud, and Public Cloud are some of the different ways that apps can use the cloud. The business should pick the one that best meets its goals and wants. You can use these thoughts to make the cloud seem free and open. People can use the same tools, things can change quickly, people can do things on their own time, there is a large network, and they offer a certain amount of service. Once you understand these basic ideas, you'll be able to get the most out of all the benefits of cloud computing. Business will be smarter about how they use their tools and quickly change to meet the needs of the digital age. Apps as a tool (SaaS) is a type of cloud tool. Platform as a Service (PaaS) and Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) are two more. They give you different things to do and ways to think as a boss. Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) lets anyone use virtual computers, store data, and join to a network that is kept on a server. There is more power in this method, which makes it good for groups that need to make specific changes. PaaS, on the other hand, hides the tech even more. It lets people who make apps run them and take care of them without having to know how the devices and running systems connect. With SaaS, people can use software that has already been made over the internet. They don't have to worry about the programs or tools that run them. I've never thought about things

this way before. Cloud tools are put in places that are easy to get to because of how they are set up. A third-party public cloud service can be used by anyone over the internet. They're cheap and simple to grow. One business, though, only uses a private cloud. It might cost more at first, but it gives the business more power and ways to change things. You can choose the mixed cloud, which has parts of both the public and private clouds. You can also use the tech you already have to its fullest. Many groups use it to follow the law or keep their data safe. What the cloud is and what it does are two of the most important things to know about it. With ondemand self-service, people can share and use computers whenever they need to. The service provider doesn't need to help them with this. A lot of different kinds of gadgets will be able to talk to the service companies that are on the network. It saves time and money to share things so that more people can use them. This is part of the process for having more than one roommate. In Rapid Freedom, users can change how big tools are to fit their needs. This way works better and costs less. You can better handle and keep an eye on resources when you measure services. This helps people see and understand how the resources are being used. These key points can help your business pick an IT system that can grow with it, is more flexible, and costs less. Companies need to know the differences between basic features, release trends, and service models because the digital world is always changing. They can use the cloud to get what they want and meet their goals.

6.3 CLOUD TECHNOLOGY STACK

How does the cloud work? It is possible to use the cloud because hardware, software, and services all work together. Making virtual copies of real technology hides it and makes better use of resources. This is why virtualization is so important. You can use more than one operating system and play games on the same real computer with a virtual machine. The person in charge of these machines is a hypervisor. Containerization tools, such as Dockers, also make it simple to pack apps and the tools they need into a small, portable file. This makes it easy to share and helps it grow. For people to be able to talk and connect with each other, the networking parts of the cloud stack are very important. Virtual Private Clouds (VPCs) let you set up your own networks that can be changed in the cloud. They make you better and stronger. SDN is an even better way to run a network because it puts all the power in one place and sets up network devices right away. It's also easy to change to fit new needs. Cloud service providers (CSPs) are being used by more and more companies. They're becoming more and more important in the tech stack. Service providers like AWS, GCP, and Microsoft Azure are all well known. They offer many services, such as databases, machine learning, storage, processing power, and more. People don't have to spend a lot of time on their computers to make apps, get them up and running, and help them grow. There are always new technologies being added to the cloud, so the mix of technologies changed all the time. With server less computing, the cloud handles the hardware, so programmers can just write code. It's important to make this change. PCs are moved closer to where the data is coming from by edge computing. This helps apps that need to deal with info quickly. When it comes to cloud computing, architects, developers, and IT staff need to know a lot about the different parts of the stack. Cloud services give you the structure you need to make solutions that are stable and flexible, use your resources in the best way possible, and adapt to new needs.

6.4 ARCHITECTURAL CONSIDERATIONS

A lot of what makes cloud computer systems work well and last a long time is how they are built and how they are used. Google Cloud Platform (GCP), Microsoft Azure, and Amazon Web Services (AWS) are three well-known cloud service providers (CSPs) that provide a wide range of tools and services. In its own way, each one changes the pattern. To make this decision, Armbrust et al. (2010) say that the prices, safety, and legality of a public, private, mixed, or community cloud application method must all be taken into account. With out the right Identity and Access Management (IAM) tools, some people can't get to certain places. It's important to plan for safety and security in the cloud (Mell & Grance, 2011). Ristenpart et al. (2010) say that encryption is important to keep data safe both when it is sent and when it is stored. To make sure they don't break the law, people who work in healthcare or banks have to follow rules about the architecture they pick (Mell & Grance, 2011). Being fast and able to grow are important things to keep in mind when building a cloud. Shared load makes sure that all servers get the same amount of new network data and that no one server is too busy (Sharma et al., 2016). Auto-scaling is something that most cloud service provider's offer.

It lets systems change how resources are shared based on how much demand there is. That way, the best methods are used and costs are kept low (Hwang et al., 2013). Look into what makes each cloud service company unique before you choose one. Both AWS and Azure have goods, but Azure focuses more on Microsoft technologies. AWS, on the other hand, has many Platform as a Service (PaaS) and Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) goods. Data analytics and machine learning are two of the main things that people know GCP for (Marshall, 2018). When developers look at these things and price models and service-level agreements (SLAs) (Armbrust et al., 2010), they can make smart choices that work for their apps. To sum up, it's tough to solve design problems in cloud computing without a good plan. Businesses that want to build cloud-based solutions need to pay close attention to security, compliance, scale, and the extra services that cloud service providers (CSPs) give. So, they can make methods that help them reach their goals that are safe, useful, and quick.

6.5 CASE STUDIES AND BEST PRACTICES

Case studies and best practices show businesses that have never used the cloud before what did and did not work when they tried it. This is clear from the fact that Netflix switched to a system that runs in the cloud. The cloud is possible because of AWS (Wang, 2010). Netflix was able to move from normal data canters because of it. It got better for everyone, saved money, and helped the business grow around the world. It looks like the cloud could get bigger if it needed to. The cloud can also be used in smart ways to help an app with a lot of people and data. Airbnb's use of the cloud is another interesting case study. As Airbnb's tech needs grew, AWS became important to it. They can grow and change quickly this way to meet new needs. You can help Airbnb's make its services faster and better for users by using AWS's storage, computing, and database services (AWS, n.d.). There are lots of ways to use the cloud. Plan how you'll move your files. This is a very important thing you can do to get ready for the cloud. "Lift and shift" is a quick and easy way to move apps to the cloud, according to Barr (2010). For this reason, it might not fully use functions that are built for the cloud. It is part of the "re-architecting" method to change programs so they only use cloud services and save as much money as possible. Keep an eye on how resources are used and let apps make changes as needed, says Kavis (2014). This is one of the best ways to save money on cloud costs. Last but not least, Airbnb and Netflix show how cloud computing is changing a lot of different kinds of businesses. These real-life examples and tips will teach you a lot about how to move to the cloud. With this help, they can grow and get things done in the cloud.

6.6 CHALLENGES AND FUTURE TRENDS

Cloud computing has some good points, but it also has some problems. People worry a lot about their safety. It is still very important to make sure that private cloud data is kept safe, private, and easy to get to. As Ristenpart et al. (2009) say, businesses need to use strong authentication, encryption, and access control to make security risks less likely.

It's also hard to keep data safe, especially when it comes to following the rules. It's hard to understand things because there are so many data security rules (Mell &

Grance, 2011). They need to figure out how to follow these rules and protect the information of their people.

6.7 TECH TRENDS FOR THE FUTURE IN THE CLOUD

Cloud computing will change in a number of ways over the next few years. Edge computing is being used by more and more people. It processes data closer to where it comes from instead of just using cloud computers that are spread out. It works better and faster in real time with this method (Shi et al., 2016). It works best for apps that need to react quickly. Another trend that is changing is working without a server. With server-less designs, the technology is taken care of by the cloud, leaving writers with only the task of writing code. People sometimes should follow this plan because it helps them grow faster, use their resources better, and cut costs (Roberts, 2017). At this point, it looks like quantum computers and putting them together in the cloud could also change the game. Quantum computing and cloud platforms together could give you access to a huge amount of computing power that would change how you model, protect, and optimize (Feynman, 1981). Also, one of the most important things to cloud computing is how to deal with privacy and security problems. Edge computing, the rise of server less systems, and the possibility that quantum computing will work with edge computing will all be interesting trends in the future. What the cloud can do will continue to change because of these trends.

6.7 CONCLUSION

The last part of "Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology, and Architecture" talks about a new setting that has changed the way companies think about IT. There are key ideas like release patterns, service models, and other important ideas that show how cloud computing is adaptable and changes over time. Businesses need to know that they need virtualization, containers, and advanced networking to make solutions that are flexible and work well as they move up the cloud technology ladder. A business looks at design factors to figure out what cloud service settings to make from a strategic point of view. The security measures, growth plans, and cloud service companies that are chosen can change how cloud-based systems are built and how they work. The way that well-known companies like Netflix and Airbnb carry out ideas is known as a case study. People who want to make changes like the ones that were made can learn from it. You should think about things like how to keep your information safe if you want to get the most out of cloud computers. Tomorrow, cloud services might be much more useful thanks to new technologies like server-less systems, edge computing, and quantum computing. As the world changes all the time, it's important to know what you're doing, stick to best practices, and face problems head-on. People still come up with new ideas because the cloud helps companies grow, cut costs, and adapt to quickly changing technology needs. We live in the digital age now. It is important for workers, makers, and people who make decisions to stay up to date on the latest changes in their field, keep improving their methods, and use cloud computing to its fullest. We change more than just how we do things technically when we move to the cloud. We also change how we think about and use IT solutions.

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