
CHAPTER 1

ENHANCING THE CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE

THE ROLE OF AUGMENTED REALITY IN E-COMMERCE

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E-commerce has grown in popularity recently as more and more people choose to purchase online due to its accessibility and ease. The engagement and product visualisation of typical e-commerce experiences, however, might be insufficient, which can result in reduced sales and worse consumer happiness. This is where augmented reality (AR) enters the picture. AR has the ability to produce a more immersive and engaging user experience for the consumer, simulating the sensation of physically interacting with items at a brick-and-mortar store.

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Product visualisation is one of the primary ways that augmented reality may improve the shopping experience in e-commerce. When it comes to the amount of context and data they offer, conventional product photographs on e-commerce websites might be constrained. Customers may examine items in 3D and in real time using augmented reality (AR), giving them the ability to see every aspect and detail as if the thing were

right in front of them. Customers may be able to make better selections about their purchases as a result, and shopping may become more interesting and memorable.

Consider a consumer who purchases a new sofa online, for instance. They might only be able to see a few pictures of the sofa taken from various angles when using conventional product photographs. However, with augmented reality (AR), consumers may use a smartphone or other device to place a virtual representation of the sofa in their living room so they can see how it would appear and fit in that setting. This not only gives the buyer a more accurate picture of the goods, but it also enables them to make a more educated choice. (Ong J. H. & Han H., 2020).

Product customisation is another way that augmented reality may improve the customer experience in e-commerce. Customers may utilise AR to customise things in real-time by altering the colour or adding unique designs with their device. Customers may find the experience to be more involved and engaging as a result of being able to observe the modifications they make to the product in real-time. (Zhang M., Y. Zhang, & Zhang, 2019).

Finally, by facilitating a more fluid and simple purchase procedure, augmented reality may help improve the consumer experience in e-commerce. Customers may use AR to scan things with their mobile and make purchases without ever leaving the AR experience. As a result, the purchase process may become more streamlined and simple, which may improve consumer satisfaction and boost sales.

In general, augmented reality's function in e-commerce is to close the gap between online and in-person buying experiences by giving customers a more engaging and customised experience that simulates interacting with items in a physical store. Businesses may improve the consumer experience, raise customer engagement, and ultimately increase sales and customer loyalty by integrating augmented reality into e-commerce.

1.1.1 DEFINITIONS AUGMENTED REALITY AND E-COMMERCE:

"A technology that overlays virtual elements onto the physical environment in real-time, producing a mixed reality experience that improves the user's sensory perceptions of the real world." (Shin et al., p. 103, 2018)

By overlaying digital data on the physical world, augmented reality (AR) technology enables users to interact with virtual items and digital material in a natural way. (Chen et al., p. 407, 2020) According to the definition of e-commerce, it is "the process of buying and selling goods and services over the internet or other electronic

systems, including the transfer of money and the exchange of data related to the transaction." (Turban et al., p. 4, 2018)E-commerce, which includes any transaction involving the movement of money or data, is defined as the process of buying, selling, or exchanging products, services, or information through the internet. (Page 2 of Li et al., 2021)

1.1.2 OVERVIEW OF THE TOPIC AND ITS SIGNIFICANCE

Because more and more people choose to purchase online, the subject of boosting customer experience through the use of augmented reality in e-commerce is taking on more importance. E-commerce has made it possible for people to shop whenever they want, wherever, and this ease has sped up the industry's expansion. However, because there isn't any direct contact between the buyer and the goods, internet buying is frequently thought of as impersonal and unengaging.

Here's where augmented reality enters the picture. By offering immersive and engaging experiences that mimic real-life shopping, augmented reality technology may be utilised to improve the consumer experience. AR makes shopping more interesting and personalised by enabling customers to explore items in 3D, picture how they would appear in their own area, and interact with them in real-time.

Because of this, using AR to e-commerce has the potential to boost client happiness, foster brand loyalty, and ultimately boost revenue for companies. Additionally, it gives shops the opportunity to stand out in a crowded market and stay on the cutting edge of technological advancement. As a result, both businesses and consumers are very interested in the issue of boosting customer experience through the use of augmented reality in e-commerce.

1.1.3 PURPOSE OF THE CHAPTER

An in-depth examination of how augmented reality technology may be utilised to enhance the entire consumer experience in online purchasing is the goal of the chapter on improving customer experience via the usage of augmented reality in e-commerce.

This chapter looks at augmented reality's benefits for e-commerce, including how it could improve customer engagement, product visualisation, and decision-making. The chapter will also examine how augmented reality may be used to provide customized shopping experiences that can increase customer satisfaction and brand loyalty. In addition, the chapter will discuss the challenges and limitations of using augmented reality in e-commerce, such as technological constraints and the need for

specialist skills and resources. The chapter will also discuss the ethical and privacy concerns brought up by the use of augmented reality in the world of online shopping.

The general objective of this chapter is to provide a detailed study of augmented reality's potential benefits and drawbacks in terms of enhancing the shopping experience for online shoppers. The chapter's objective is to provide information that businesses and academics can use to better understand how augmented reality may be used to provide consumers a more engaging, customised, and delightful shopping experience.

1.2 LITERATURE REVIEW

In e-commerce, augmented reality (AR) has the potential to enhance the customer experience. A number of studies have examined the benefits and drawbacks of looking into the potential applications of augmented reality (AR) for e-commerce in recent years.

In one research by Fidanova et al. (2019), it was shown that adopting augmented reality (AR) in e-commerce might improve product visualisation and increase user engagement, both of which could eventually lead to better sales and happier customers. The study also found that augmented reality (AR) can be particularly effective for complex products, such as furniture and home décor items, where customers could find it challenging to visualise the piece in their own space.

Another research by Li et al. (2020) examined how augmented reality (AR) affected consumer behaviour while making purchases online. According to the study, implementing augmented reality (AR) into e-commerce may considerably raise customers' desire to buy as well as their willingness to pay for goods. The study also discovered that AR can boost consumers' perceptions of the value of items and their overall satisfaction, which can encourage increased loyalty and repeat business.

In addition to the advantages of AR for e-commerce, several studies have also emphasised the difficulties and restrictions related to its implementation. The scalability and accessibility of AR in e-commerce, for instance, may be constrained by technological issues, such as the requirement for specialised gear and software, according to a research by Sivarajah et al. (2019). The study also made notice of the need for more investigation to address privacy and ethical issues associated to the usage of augmented reality in e-commerce.

In one study, Huang et al. (2019) investigated the effects of augmented reality (AR) on consumer satisfaction and purchase intentions in the context of online clothes

sales. According to the study, using augmented reality greatly enhanced both customers' reported happiness of the shopping experience and their propensity to make a purchase. The study also discovered that the perceived utility and simplicity of the AR technology mediated the favourable impact of AR on consumer satisfaction.

Another research by Jung et al. (2020) looked into the use of augmented reality to give clients more specialised shopping experiences. According to the study, individualised product displays and personalised product suggestions may be made using augmented reality (AR), which can boost consumer happiness and engagement. The report also emphasised the significance of combining augmented reality (AR) with other technologies, such as machine learning and artificial intelligence, to provide more sophisticated and customised shopping experiences. In addition to these studies, the potential of AR for e-commerce has also been demonstrated in a number of trade papers and case studies. For instance, 70% of e-commerce businesses will utilise augmented reality (AR) by 2022 to enable customers to view products in genuine settings, according to a 2020 Gartner report. Ikea's case study from 2017 demonstrated how their augmented reality software, which enables users to arrange furniture in their homes accurately, has increased customer engagement and sales.

There are still many challenges and limitations with the technology, despite the growing interest in it and the potential it has for e-commerce. For example, a study by Wang et al. (2020) discovered that further study is required to understand how people engage with and understand augmented reality in the context of e-commerce. In order to improve the overall user experience, the research also stressed the need of addressing issues with AR technology, such as latency and accuracy.

Overall, the research shows that AR has the potential to enhance online shoppers' shopping experiences by providing immersive and interesting simulations of in-person shopping. However, before implementing AR in e-commerce, it is important to thoroughly consider all of the benefits and downsides of the technology, as well as the needs and preferences of customers.

1.3 THE ROLE OF CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE IN E-COMMERCE

Consumer experience (CX) is important in e-commerce because it has a direct bearing on consumer pleasure, loyalty, and retention. A good CX may set a company apart from its rivals in the cutthroat e-commerce market of today and contribute to the development of a devoted client base.

The simplicity of use is a crucial component in delivering a great CX in e-commerce. Any obstacles or friction in the purchasing process might cause customers to become frustrated and abandon their shopping carts.

Customers demand a flawless and intuitive online shopping experience. To ensure a favourable CX, it is crucial to offer clear and succinct product information, easily navigable product categories, and a simple checkout procedure. In e-commerce CX, personalization is also gaining importance. Based on their preferences and prior actions, customers demand personalised product suggestions, customised promotions, and pertinent information.

E-commerce companies may offer a more personalised and relevant CX by utilising customer data and AI-powered algorithms, which will enhance consumer engagement and satisfaction. Another vital aspect of e-commerce CX is customer service. Building trust and confidence with clients may be accomplished by offering prompt and efficient customer assistance across several channels, including chatbots, email, and phone. Turning bad experiences into good ones may assist to enhance customer loyalty and retention. This can be done by swiftly responding to customer enquiries and taking care of any problems or complaints in a fast and professional way. Providing a good CX is crucial in e-commerce since it may significantly affect customer happiness, loyalty, and retention.

To provide a seamless and pleasurable online buying experience for its clients, e-commerce enterprises should prioritise usability, personalisation, and customer service.

1.3.1 IMPORTANCE OF CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE IN DRIVING SALES AND LOYALTY

Consumer experience (CX) is becoming more widely acknowledged as a key element in e-commerce sales and consumer loyalty. A great and memorable customer experience may set a firm apart from its rivals in today's cutthroat e-commerce environment and foster long-lasting client connections. The significance of CX in promoting sales and customer loyalty in e-commerce has been underlined in several studies. For instance, Grewal et al.'s (2020) study discovered that CX significantly improves customer happiness, trust, and loyalty, which in turn boosts revenue and profitability. The survey also discovered that offering a smooth and customised CX may boost client retention and client lifetime value.

Similar to this, a study by Verhoef et al. (2015) discovered that CX directly affects customer loyalty since happy and satisfied consumers are more likely to make repeat

purchases from a company. The study also discovered that customer experience (CX) may affect customers' propensity to suggest a firm to others, which may result in effective word-of-mouth advertising and higher sales.

Additionally, a research by O'Cass and Ngo (2021) emphasised the significance of emotional connection in customer experience (CX), as customers are more likely to remain loyal to companies that arouse good emotions and produce memorable encounters. The survey also discovered that organisations may stand out from rivals and develop a long-lasting competitive advantage by putting a priority on CX and emotional connection.

In addition to these findings, several companies have realised the significance of CX in increasing e-commerce sales and customer loyalty. One of the biggest e-commerce companies in the world, Amazon, for instance, bases its success on a customer-centric strategy that emphasises CX and customization. Amazon has been able to offer a smooth and personalised purchasing experience that encourages consumer loyalty and repeat business by utilising customer data and analytics.

Overall, research and business practises indicate that CX is a key element in e-commerce that influences both loyalty and sales.

Businesses may stand out from rivals and create enduring customer connections by prioritising CX and offering a satisfying and memorable experience.

1.3.2 CHALLENGES IN PROVIDING AN ENGAGING CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE IN E-COMMERCE

The difficulties in delivering a satisfying consumer experience in e-commerce can be numerous and varied. To give users of e-commerce platforms a satisfying and engaging experience, they must deal with a variety of challenges. The following are some typical difficulties that e-commerce companies encounter while trying to give customers an interesting experience: Lennon S. J. and Kim Y. J., 2019. Absence of personalization

Developing a personal connection with clients is one of the most difficult aspects of online business. Salespeople may interact with consumers in typical retail environments, respond to their inquiries, and offer advice tailored to their requirements. Businesses in e-commerce must rely on data and analytics to personalise the experience, but doing so successfully may be challenging.

- **TECHNICAL PROBLEMS:** A compelling client experience can be severely hampered by technical issues. Websites that take a long time to load,

broken links, and error warnings can all irritate users and make them less likely to make purchases. Customers are extremely concerned about security while purchasing online. Customers demand assurances about the security of their financial and personal data. To secure client data, e-commerce platforms must make sure they have strong security mechanisms in place.

- **LACK OF TRUST:** In e-commerce, establishing trust is essential. Customers must have faith in the excellent quality of the goods they are purchasing, the prompt delivery of their orders, and the reliability of the company with whom they are transacting. Customers' trust in e-commerce platforms must be earned via hard effort.
- **RETURNS AND REFUNDS:** Although they are a necessary component of online commerce, returns and refunds may be difficult for firms to handle. It's critical to manage returns and refunds swiftly and effectively to keep customers happy and loyal.
- **COMPETITION:** Businesses must put up a lot of effort to differentiate themselves in the fiercely competitive e-commerce market. It might be challenging to stand out from rivals in a crowded industry, but offering an interesting consumer experience can help.

The solution to these problems must be multifaceted and take into consideration both the particularities of the e-commerce platform and the wants and preferences of the clients. E-commerce companies may offer an engaging customer experience that encourages loyalty and promotes development by being aware of these issues and creating strategies to solve them.

1.3.3 THE NEED FOR INNOVATIVE SOLUTIONS TO ENHANCE CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE

Businesses must distinguish themselves from their competitors in the e-commerce sector by offering distinctive and rewarding consumer experiences.

As a result, there is now a greater demand than ever for creative solutions that may improve the customer experience and provide businesses a competitive edge.

Use of augmented reality (AR) technology in e-commerce is one such approach, giving users dynamic, immersive experiences that mimic real-life purchasing. By enabling customers to examine things in three dimensions and picture how they might look in their own location, augmented reality technology may improve the customer experience. This can improve clients' pleasure with the things they purchase and help them make more educated buying decisions.

The employment of chatbots is another cutting-edge method for improving the consumer experience in e-commerce. Artificial intelligence is used by chatbots, which are automated software programmes, to mimic discussions with clients. They may provide clients immediate assistance, individualised advice, and speedy responses to their inquiries, enhancing their entire interaction with the company.

Another cutting-edge method for improving the consumer experience in e-commerce is personalised marketing.

Businesses may adjust their marketing efforts to fit the unique requirements and interests of each consumer by gathering and analysing customer data, offering them pertinent and individualised product suggestions and promotions.

Several research back up the requirement for these novel solutions. According to a Kim et al. (2019) study, using AR technology in e-commerce may considerably boost consumer satisfaction and buy intent.

The employment of chatbots can boost consumer engagement and happiness with the brand, according to a research by Chen et al. (2020).

Additionally, a Verhoef et al. (2015) study discovered that personalised marketing may dramatically increase client loyalty and repeat business. These studies emphasise the value of cutting-edge approaches in improving consumer experience in e-commerce.

In conclusion, in today's cutthroat industry, the necessity for creative ideas to improve the consumer experience in e-commerce is vital.

Personalised marketing, chatbots, and augmented reality technologies are just a few of the numerous cutting-edge approaches that may be employed to provide customers a distinctive and enjoyable buying experience.

Although the implementation of these solutions necessitates careful evaluation of client preferences and demands, it may eventually boost customer happiness, brand loyalty, and corporate profitability.

1.4. AUGMENTED REALITY IN E-COMMERCE

A technology known as augmented reality (AR) projects digital data onto the physical environment. Customers may view and interact with items in a virtual setting when buying online thanks to augmented reality (AR), giving them a more immersive and interesting experience.

AR may be applied to e-commerce in a variety of ways, including offering virtual fitting rooms for apparel and accessories, letting buyers see furniture and home accents in their own rooms, and showing real-time product information and feedback.

The usage of augmented reality (AR) in e-commerce has grown in popularity in recent years due to its many advantages for both consumers and companies. Customers may visualise things in a more realistic and interesting way thanks to augmented reality, which offers a more dynamic and personalised buying experience. As a result, businesses may see an increase in client satisfaction, improved conversion rates, and recurring business. By enabling customers to see how the product will appear and fit in their surroundings, AR may also assist decrease returns and boost customer trust in purchase decisions. IKEA, Sephora, and Nike are just a few of the companies that have already integrated AR into their e-commerce strategy.

For instance, the AR app from IKEA enables consumers to see furniture in their homes before making a purchase, while the AR function from Sephora enables users to virtually test on cosmetics. Customers may view the trainers they're interested in from various perspectives and customise them with various colours and materials thanks to Nike's augmented reality (AR) experience. However, the advantages and drawbacks of the technology, as well as the requirements and preferences of customers, must all be carefully taken into account for AR to be implemented in e-commerce. The user-friendliness, accessibility, and relevance of the AR experience to the demands of the client must be guaranteed. Businesses also need to provide their staff the appropriate training and invest in the hardware and software infrastructure required to enable AR in e-commerce. Overall, AR has the power to transform the e-commerce sector by giving consumers a more immersive and interesting buying experience.

It is anticipated that AR technology will be used more frequently in e-commerce initiatives as it develops and becomes more widely available.

1.4.1 USE CASES OF AUGMENTED REALITY IN E-COMMERCE

In order to give customers immersive and engaging experiences, augmented reality (AR) has becoming more and more prevalent in e-commerce. Several e-commerce use cases for augmented reality are as follows:

- **VIRTUAL TRY-ON:** Customers may virtually test on things using augmented reality before making a purchase. For instance, cosmetics companies like Sephora and L'Oreal have created AR-enabled applications

that let users preview various beauty items on their faces before making a purchase.

- **PRODUCT CUSTOMIZATION:** AR may also be utilised to provide clients the option of personalising things to suit their tastes. For instance, the eyewear company Warby Parker has created an AR-powered software that enables clients to view how various eyeglass frames might seem on their faces and alter the colour and lens type of the spectacles.
- **VIRTUAL SHOWROOMING:** Using augmented reality, it is possible to build virtual showrooms that let clients explore and buy items in a simulated setting. For instance, IKEA, a manufacturer of furniture, has created an AR-enabled app that enables users to virtually arrange furniture in their homes to preview how it will appear before making a purchase.
- **PRODUCT KNOWLEDGE AND EDUCATION:** AR may be utilised to give clients more interactive and interesting product knowledge and education. For instance, automakers like Mercedes-Benz have created AR-enabled applications that let customers explore and discover their vehicles' capabilities.
- **INTERACTIVE ADVERTISING:** Using augmented reality, interactive advertising campaigns may be developed that enthrall and engage target audiences.
For instance, the fashion label Burberry developed an augmented reality (AR)-based marketing campaign that enabled consumers to scan billboards and see models come to life while showcasing the brand's merchandise.

These are just a few instances of how augmented reality is used in e-commerce. The use of AR to e-commerce has the potential to improve consumer satisfaction and boost revenue. Keum, H., and Lee, S. (2002). However, the advantages and drawbacks of the technology, as well as the requirements and preferences of customers, must all be carefully taken into account for AR to be implemented in e-commerce.

1.4.2 BENEFITS OF USING AUGMENTED REALITY IN E-COMMERCE

Several advantages of augmented reality in e-commerce include:

- **INCREASED CONSUMER ENGAGEMENT AND EXPERIENCE:** Customers' overall purchasing experiences may be improved by using augmented reality to help them see things in a more engaging and interactive

way. According to Fidanova et al. (2019), this may result in an increase in consumer satisfaction and loyalty.

- **HIGHER SALES:** According to Choi and Lee (2020), augmented reality can boost customers' trust in their purchase decisions by giving them a more realistic and in-depth picture of items. This, in turn, will result in higher sales.
- **LESSENING THE CHANCE OF PRODUCT RETURNS BECAUSE OF ERRONEOUS OR LACKING PRODUCT INFORMATION:** AR can assist buyers better comprehend the goods they are buying.
- **COST SAVINGS:** According to Choi and Lee (2020), augmented reality can minimize the requirement for actual product samples and showrooms, which saves money for e-commerce companies.
- **COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE:** According to Fidanova et al. (2019), e-commerce companies may obtain a competitive edge in the market by providing a distinctive and cutting-edge purchasing experience.
- **ENHANCED BRAND LOYALTY:** According to Li et al. (2020), augmented reality may help businesses by giving customers an outstanding experience.
- **IMPROVED MARKETING AND ADVERTISING:** AR may be utilised to present items in marketing and advertising campaigns in a more dynamic and engaging way, increasing brand recognition and customer engagement.

Overall, augmented reality's implementation in e-commerce has the potential to bring about a variety of advantages for both consumers and enterprises. E-commerce enterprises may increase their general performance and success by raising sales, lowering product returns, and providing a competitive edge.

1.5. ENHANCING CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE THROUGH AUGMENTED REALITY

The e-commerce sector might be completely transformed by augmented reality (AR), a technology that offers users realistic, interactive experiences that mimic real-world buying.

By allowing customers to try on things and see how they would appear in their own area before making a purchase, augmented reality may improve the customer experience.

Sales can be boosted as a result, increasing consumer involvement and happiness (Fidanova et al., 2019). By increasing the visualisation of items, AR can improve the customer experience in e-commerce. Customers may be able to view things from all

sides, investigate various colour and size possibilities, and even engage with the object in a virtual setting thanks to augmented reality (AR).

This can decrease the possibility of returns or exchanges and assist customers in making more educated purchasing decisions (Zeng et al., 2020). By offering personalised suggestions based on clients' tastes and previous purchases, AR may also enhance the customer experience. Customers can obtain personalised suggestions based on their own style and preferences by utilising AR to build a virtual wardrobe or home décor area and explore how various goods might appear when combined (Luo et al., 2020). Additionally, AR can let shoppers virtually try on things before making a purchase. For goods like apparel and cosmetics, where buyers would want to preview how a product might appear on them before making a purchase (Li et al., 2020), this can be especially successful. Customers with impairments, such as those who are visually impaired or have mobility issues, can benefit from virtual try-on features that make e-commerce more accessible (Zeng et al., 2020). Despite the potential advantages of augmented reality for boosting the shopping experience in e-commerce, there are a number of difficulties and restrictions related to its application. For instance, the scaling and accessibility of AR in e-commerce may be constrained by the requirement for specialised hardware and software, and issues with ethics and privacy linked to the usage of AR in e-commerce also need to be addressed (Sivarajah et al., 2019). By offering immersive and engaging experiences that mimic real-life purchasing, augmented reality (AR) has the potential to improve the customer experience in e-commerce. By enhancing product visualisation, offering tailored recommendations, and enabling virtual try-ons, augmented reality (AR) may boost consumer engagement, boost customer happiness, and ultimately boost sales. To successfully deploy augmented reality (AR) in e-commerce, it is vital to carefully analyse the advantages and limits of the technology as well as the demands and preferences of customers.

1.5.1 HOW AUGMENTED REALITY CAN IMPROVE THE CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE IN E-COMMERCE

A technique known as augmented reality (AR) projects computer-generated content onto a physical environment. The usage of augmented reality (AR) in e-commerce to improve the consumer experience has grown during the past few years. Here are some ways that augmented reality might enhance the e-commerce user experience:

- **PRODUCT VISUALISATION:** Before making a purchase, buyers may see how a product will appear in their home or place of business by viewing a 3D

version of it in a real-world setting. As a result, there may be fewer product returns and more satisfied customers (Rauschnabel, Brem, & Ivens, 2015).

- **GREATER ENGAGEMENT:** AR can offer an engaging shopping experience that motivates users to interact more deeply with the things they purchase. Customers may utilise augmented reality to test virtual furnishings in their homes or try on virtual clothes. The relationship between the client and the product may become stronger as a result (Wang & Sun, 2019).
- **PERSONALIZATION:** AR may be utilised to provide customers a more tailored buying experience. Customers may use augmented reality to, for instance, visualise how a piece of jewellery would appear on them or how a piece of furniture would fit in their living space. This might improve client retention and satisfaction (Bughin, Corbetta, & Dabrowski, 2017).
- **INFORMATION SHARING:** Using augmented reality, businesses may give customers more details about their items. Customers, for instance, may utilise AR to scan a product and view details about its characteristics, advantages, and applications. Customers may thus be better able to make educated judgements about their purchases (Shen, Li, & Wang, 2016).
- **GREATER CONVENIENCE:** By supplying extra details and images without requiring users to leave their homes or travel to a real store, AR can assist customers in making more knowledgeable purchase decisions. Customers may enjoy a more satisfying shopping experience as a result of the time and effort savings (Kim & Fiore, 2019).
- **LESSENING OF UNCERTAINTY:** AR can aid in lessening doubt over the product's acceptability and quality. AR may help clients feel more confident about how a product will appear and fit by letting them see it in their actual environment. As a result, the brand and the product may gain more credibility and trust from consumers (Grewal et al., 2017).
- **IMPROVED SOCIAL SHARING:** AR may produce an experience that is worthwhile to post on social media. AR may inspire customers to share their buying experience on social media platforms by giving them a special and interactive shopping experience (Bryson, Walsh, & Johnson, 2019). This will raise brand exposure and engagement.
- **BETTER CUSTOMER SERVICE:** By enabling customers to communicate with virtual customer care agents or get help with their purchases, AR may be utilised to offer personalised customer service. Customer loyalty and satisfaction may increase as a result (Guttentag et al., 2021).

In general, AR may enhance the purchasing experience for customers in e-commerce by making it more interactive, personalised, and educational.

1.5.2 BEST PRACTICES FOR INTEGRATING AUGMENTED REALITY INTO E-COMMERCE PLATFORMS

Using augmented reality (AR), users may experience a more enriched version of reality by superimposing digital data on the actual environment. To provide customers a more interesting and dynamic buying experience, e-commerce companies have implemented AR more often in recent years. Some recommended practises should be followed in order to properly incorporate augmented reality into e-commerce systems.

- **USER-CENTERED DESIGN:** Users should be taken into consideration while designing AR features. The design need to be user-friendly, intuitive, and valuable. User-centered design is essential for the success of augmented reality in e-commerce, claim Kim et al. (2018). To make sure that the AR features suit user demands, the authors advise including consumers in the design process and performing user testing.
- **CONTEXTUALITY:** AR features must be appropriate for the environment in which they are utilised. For instance, augmented reality capabilities intended for usage in physical stores might not be as applicable for online buying. Contextual relevance is crucial for the success of augmented reality in e-commerce, claim Lee et al. (2018). The authors advise creating augmented reality elements that are pertinent to the particular environment in which they are utilised.
- **PLATFORM INTEGRATION:** AR capabilities should be easily incorporated into current e-commerce systems. Thaler and Winner (2018) assert that integration is essential for the success of augmented reality in e-commerce. Instead than developing individual AR apps, the authors advise incorporating augmented reality (AR) capabilities into current platforms. Performance and dependability are two important factors for AR features. Performance and dependability are important aspects that affect customer satisfaction with AR in e-commerce, according to Al-Samarraie et al. (2020). The authors advise thorough testing to make sure that AR features function well and are trustworthy.
- **PRIVACY AND SECURITY:** Privacy and security should be taken into consideration while designing AR features. Khamis et al. (2019) assert that privacy and security are significant issues with regard to AR in e-commerce.

The authors advise putting in place suitable security measures to safeguard user data and make sure that AR features do not violate users' privacy.

To put it simply, user-centered design, contextual relevance, interaction with current platforms, performance and reliability, privacy and security, and should all be taken into account when integrating augmented reality (AR) into e-commerce systems. E-commerce platforms may provide clients a fun and dynamic buying experience by adhering to certain best practises.

1.6 CHALLENGES AND CONSIDERATIONS

While adding augmented reality (AR) to e-commerce platforms may make buying more interesting and participatory, there are a number of difficulties and factors that must be taken into mind. The difficulties and factors to be taken into account when incorporating augmented reality into e-commerce systems will be covered in this article.

- **PRICE:** Creating AR features can be expensive. Kim et al. (2018) claim that the expense of creating AR capabilities for e-commerce platforms might be a major obstacle for many companies. Companies must assess the potential advantages against the expense of creating and adopting AR features.
- **TECHNICAL SKILLS:** Technical expertise is needed to develop AR features, but it may not always be easily available inside a corporation. Thaler and Winninger (2018) assert that technological know-how is necessary for the effective integration of augmented reality into e-commerce systems. Access to knowledgeable developers and technicians who can build and maintain AR features is necessary for businesses.
- **COMPATIBILITY:** Not all platforms and devices will be able to use AR capabilities. Compatibility is a key factor to take into account when incorporating augmented reality into e-commerce systems, claim Lee et al. (2018). Businesses must make sure that their augmented reality features work with the platforms and devices that their consumers utilise.
- **USER ACCEPTANCE:** User adoption is key to the success of AR features in e-commerce. Al-Samarraie et al. (2020) claim that when incorporating AR into e-commerce systems, user acceptance might be a big barrier. To promote adoption, businesses must develop AR features that are simple to use and offer users value.
- **ETHICAL CONSIDERATIONS:** Data protection and privacy issues may be raised by AR features. When incorporating augmented reality (AR) into e-commerce platforms, ethical issues must be taken into account, claim

Khamis et al. (2019). Businesses must make sure that their AR features don't violate users' privacy or exploit their data improperly.

In conclusion, incorporating augmented reality into e-commerce platforms may provide customers a more interesting and dynamic purchasing experience. There are, however, a number of difficulties and factors that must be taken into account. When incorporating AR into e-commerce platforms, businesses must take into account the cost of developing AR features, the technical skills needed, compatibility with devices and platforms, user uptake, and ethical issues. Companies may successfully incorporate augmented reality (AR) into e-commerce platforms and provide customers a more engaging and dynamic purchasing experience by taking these issues and factors into account.

1.6.1 TECHNICAL AND LOGISTICAL CHALLENGES OF IMPLEMENTING AUGMENTED REALITY IN E-COMMERCE

A more immersive and engaging purchasing experience for customers may be delivered by integrating augmented reality (AR) into e-commerce systems. However, there are a number of logistical and technological issues to take into account when integrating augmented reality into e-commerce.

- **LIMITATIONS OF THE HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE:** For AR to work successfully, specialised gear and software are needed. The hardware and software restrictions of AR might provide a substantial problem for e-commerce enterprises, claim Guo et al. (2020). Advanced sensors, cameras, and computing power are needed for AR, however not all users may have access to or afford these products.
- **NETWORK LATENCY:** Real-time rendering of 3D objects is necessary for AR, but doing so can be computationally demanding and use up a lot of network bandwidth. Network latency might provide a substantial issue when integrating AR in e-commerce, according to Xu et al. (2019). Customers may be discouraged from using AR features if there are rendering delays or network congestion.
- **CONTENT CREATION:** 3D models and animations must be made, which can take a lot of time and money. Kim et al. (2018) claim that when integrating AR in e-commerce, content production might be a big difficulty. To produce high-quality AR content that satisfies client expectations, businesses must make investments in specialised equipment and employees.
- **SYSTEM INTEGRATION:** AR capabilities must be easily linked into current e-commerce platforms, such as product catalogues, payment

processors, and delivery platforms. Integration with current systems might be a significant difficulty when introducing AR in e-commerce, claim Cheng et al. (2020). 5. Logistics and supply chain management: AR features may need adjustments to logistics and supply chain management operations. Companies must ensure that their AR features are compatible with current systems and do not disrupt the overall user experience. For instance, AR-enabled items can need special handling or packing instructions. Logistics and supply chain management might provide a substantial difficulty when using AR in e-commerce, according to Wang et al. (2019). To provide a smooth consumer experience, businesses must make sure that their augmented reality features are linked into their supply chain and logistics management systems.

In conclusion, adopting augmented reality in e-commerce necessitates solving a number of logistical and technological issues, such as network latency, content generation, interaction with current systems, hardware and software constraints, and logistics and supply chain management. E-commerce companies may effectively integrate AR elements that provide clients a more immersive and dynamic purchasing experience by solving these issues.

1.6.2 PRIVACY AND SECURITY CONCERNS

A number of security and privacy issues are raised by the use of AR into online business. Seol et al. (2020) claim that a lot of personal information is gathered by AR applications, including location, camera pictures, and usage habits, which may be used to monitor and profile users. Particularly in light of recent data breaches and cyberattacks, this can give rise to privacy and security issues.

Applications for augmented reality also need access to users' devices' sensors and cameras, which might be exploited for unauthorised surveillance. This can create questions concerning the gathering and use of personal data by AR apps, according to Lee et al. (2018).

E-commerce companies must adopt strict privacy and security standards for their AR features in order to allay these worries. Before collecting any personal data, they should have the users' express consent and fully explain their data collection and usage policies to them. They should also put in place robust security measures, such encryption and authentication, to shield user data from hacker assaults and unauthorised access. Businesses should also think about enhancing privacy and security by utilising decentralised technology like blockchain in addition to these

steps. Sun et al. (2020) assert that by giving users control over their own data and restricting access to only authorised parties, blockchain-based systems can offer a more transparent and safe solution to manage user data.

In general, resolving security and privacy issues is essential for successfully integrating augmented reality with e-commerce. Businesses may safeguard user data and increase user trust and confidence in their AR features by having strict privacy and security rules and utilising decentralised technology.

1.6.3 BALANCING THE USE OF AUGMENTED REALITY WITH OTHER FORMS OF CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE ENHANCEMENTS

Although incorporating augmented reality (AR) into e-commerce platforms may provide customers a more immersive and engaging buying experience, it's also crucial to balance the usage of augmented reality with other types of customer experience improvements. Kim and Ko (2021) assert that companies should think about the whole customer journey and pinpoint instances where augmented reality (AR) might provide value and improve the experience. For instance, AR may be used to give clients comprehensive product information, let them see things in their actual surroundings, and make interactive product demos possible.

However, companies should also take into account other ways to improve the consumer experience, such tailored suggestions, quick and easy checkout, and attentive customer assistance. Businesses must also make sure that AR features are user-friendly and don't disrupt the standard purchasing experience. Mekni et al. (2020) claim that overusing AR features might result in cognitive and information overload, which can harm the consumer experience.

To prevent this, organisations should create AR features that are simple to use and intuitive, and offer assistance and clear usage instructions.

Businesses must balance the usage of AR with other ways to improve the consumer experience overall, make sure that AR features are simple to use, and make a positive contribution to the entire shopping experience. Businesses may achieve this while utilising the advantages of AR technology to give their consumers a smooth and delightful purchasing experience.

1.7 FUTURE OUTLOOK

With ongoing technological improvements and growing consumer and corporate acceptance, the outlook for augmented reality (AR) integration into e-commerce is positive.

1.7.1 EMERGING TRENDS IN AUGMENTED REALITY AND E-COMMERCE:

In the future, it is anticipated that new developments in augmented reality technology will have an influence on the e-commerce sector.

Utilizing 5G technology, which will offer quicker and more dependable connectivity and enable more seamless and immersive AR experiences for users, is one of the growing trends. Another trend is the use of AI and machine learning to improve AR apps, providing clients with more specialised and targeted purchasing experiences.

Another new development is the use of AR technology into e-commerce through social media sites.

AR filters and lenses have already been released on social networking sites like Instagram and Snapchat, enabling users to try on virtual goods and show them to their followers.

Future AR and e-commerce integration is anticipated to use social media platforms more heavily.

1.7.2 POTENTIAL FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS AND APPLICATIONS OF AUGMENTED REALITY IN E-COMMERCE:

There are a number of potential future advancements and uses of AR in e-commerce as the technology develops. Utilising augmented reality to customise and personalise products is one such use. Customers will be able to create their own items using augmented reality (AR) technology and see

them come to life in real time, making for a more engaging and personalised shopping experience.

The usage of augmented reality in virtual changing rooms and try-on areas is another possible use. Customers will be able to digitally try on apparel and accessories using augmented reality (AR) technology, allowing them to see how the item fits and looks before physically trying it on. Time will be saved, and the purchasing experience will be enhanced overall.

1.7.3 IMPLICATIONS FOR BUSINESSES AND CONSUMERS:

Both companies and customers will likely be significantly impacted by the incorporation of AR technology into e-commerce. Businesses may gain a

competitive edge by utilising AR technology to provide customers a more interesting and interactive purchasing experience.

Increased client loyalty, improved conversion rates, and eventually more sales are all possible results of this.

The adoption of AR technology can provide customers a more convenient and personalised purchasing experience. Customers may make better informed selections about what to buy and avoid the inconvenience of returns and exchanges by being able to digitally try on things in real-time.

The incorporation of AR technology with e-commerce, however, may provide technological, logistical, and privacy and security problems for firms. To overcome these obstacles and assure the safety of client data, they must create strong rules and processes.

The use of AR technology into e-commerce might fundamentally alter how we shop and engage with goods.

Businesses and customers will both profit from the improved shopping experience that AR technology may offer as the technology develops.

1.8 CONCLUSION

The use of augmented reality (AR) technology might completely transform the e-commerce sector by giving consumers a more enjoyable and tailored buying experience. Customers' confidence in the product might rise thanks to the usage of virtual try-ons and product visualisation provided by augmented reality. We can anticipate seeing more creative and interesting applications that fully use the promise of augmented reality (AR) technology in e-commerce and beyond as the technology gets more sophisticated and smooth thanks to developments in hardware, software, and networking. The implementation of AR technology is not without possible hazards and difficulties, though, including logistical and technical difficulties with integration and privacy and security issues with the gathering and use of client data. In order to ensure a successful and long-lasting integration of AR technology, businesses will need to carefully assess these risks and obstacles as they develop and integrate AR technology in their e-commerce operations and take action to minimise them.

In general, businesses have a great chance to improve consumer purchasing experiences, boost productivity, and save costs by integrating AR technology into e-commerce. We can anticipate seeing more companies utilise this technology as it

continues to develop and become more widely available, resulting in more creative and interesting shopping experiences for customers.

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